WRIGHT-MATURISMOR AUT FORCE BASE, AREA B, BUILDING E. ENGINEERING SHOPS DAYTON VIO.
GREENE COUNTY OF 10

HARR No. OH 79-L

HAER OHIO 29-DAYTU IL-

PHOTOGRAPHS

WRITTEN HISTORICAL AND DESCRIPTIVE DATA

Historic American Engineering Record National Park Service Department of the Interior P.O. Box 37127 Washington, D.C. 20013-7127

OHIO 29-DAYT.V

HISTORIC AMERICAN ENGINEERING RECORD

WRIGHT-PATTERSON AIR FORCE BASE, AREA B, BUILDING 5, ENGINEERING SHOPS

HAER No. OH-79-L

Location:

E Street between 9th and 10th Streets, connected to the rear of Hangars 1 and 9; Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Area B, Dayton Vicinity, Greene County, Ohio.

Date of

Construction:

1943.

Architect:

United States Army Quartermaster Corps.

Construction

Contractor:

National Concrete Fireproofing Company.

Present Owner:

USAF.

Present Use:

4950th Test Wing Fabrication and Modification Division.

Significance:

Part of the Wright Field flightline complex constructed during World War II, this building provided industrial shops to support aircraft modification and repair in the adjacent flight test hangars.

Project History: This report is part of the overall Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Area B documentation project conducted by HAER 1991-1993. See overview OH-79, for report, HAER No. description of the project.

WRIGHT-PATTERSON AIR FORCE BASE, AREA B, BUILDING 5, ENGINEERING SHOPS HAER No. OH-79-L (Page 2)

DESCRIPTION: Connected to the east side of Hangar 9, away from the flying field, Building 5 is a square one-story building, measuring 360' x 420', with a nine-section barrel-vaulted roof. Over each 40' vault is a long gable-style skylight admitting natural light down to the original wood-block floors below. The barrel vaults are evident in the exterior of the poured-concrete east wall of the building, above a row of steel-sash windows that replaced the original windows in 1984. In 1953 and 1954 the building was extended to the south to incorporate Building 72 (the foundry) into the Engineering Shops. Also in 1954 a two-story covered craneway running east and west was added to provide access for heavy freight and equipment using the railroad spur on the east side of the building.

HISTORY: Building 5 was constructed in 1943 as part of the expanded Wright Field World War II flightline complex. The structure was designed by the U.S. Army Quartermaster Corps and constructed by the National Concrete Fireproofing Company. Columns and roof barrels were constructed first; falsework mounted on rails supported the barrel forms. Plywood sheathing was bent to create the curve of the barrel vaults which were reinforced by a stiff concrete mix to an average thickness of 4".

The building served as the new engineering shops facility to accommodate functions previously conducted in the metal, machine and wood shops (Building 32) which were at a considerable distance from the flightline and the new hangars. Although the Area B (Wright Field) runways are no longer used, Building 5 still serves as a shop facility for the 4950th Test Wing. Technicians construct models of prototype aircraft from metal, wood and fiberglass for wind tunnel testing, both at Wright Field and other Air Force bases such as Langley. Approximately 75 percent of Air Force model makers are employed here. Models developed in the past decade include the F-111 and the Space Shuttle.

For bibliography, see Wright-Patterson Air Force Base overview report (HAER No. OH-79).